

What is hydrogen transportation?

Hydrogen transportation refers to the movement of hydrogen from production sites to end-use locations, where it can be employed as a clean energy source. Often, natural gas concepts, in terms of transportation and storage are usually cited as a basis for hydrogen gas in the open literature .

Can hydrogen be stored as a fuel?

This makes it more difficult and expensive to store and transport hydrogen for use as a fuel (Rivard et al. 2019). There are several storage methods that can be used to address this challenge, such as compressed gas storage, liquid hydrogen storage, and solid-state storage.

What are hydrogen storage technologies?

Hydrogen storage technologies play a crucial role in the effective utilization of hydrogen as an energy carrier by providing safe and reliable means for preserving hydrogen until needed. These technologies can be divided into gaseous hydrogen storage, liquid hydrogen storage, and solid-state hydrogen storage.

Why is underground hydrogen storage important?

Underground hydrogen storage is an essential component of a sustainable energy infrastructure, as it enables the efficient management of hydrogen supply and demand, thereby supporting the widespread use of hydrogen as an alternative energy source in various applications, such as transportation and power generation.

Why is research in hydrogen storage and transportation important?

In conclusion, interdisciplinary collaboration, policy support, and ongoing research are essential in harnessing hydrogen's full potential as a clean energy carrier. This review concludes that research in hydrogen storage and transportation is vital to global energy transformation and climate change mitigation. 1. Introduction

How do you store hydrogen?

As a result, storing sufficient amounts of hydrogen for practical use can be challenging. Different storage methods, such as compressed gas, liquid hydrogen, and solid-state storage, each have their advantages and limitations, with trade-offs between storage capacity, safety, and cost.

The storage of hydrogen in LOHC-BT contributes, in contrast to other hydrogen storage and transport technologies, only to about 8% of the levelized costs in this scenario. ...

Due to the fluctuating renewable energy sources represented by wind power, it is essential that new type power systems are equipped with sufficient energy storage devices to ...

Energy sector coupling and energy system analysis as a foundation for the transformation of the energy

system; Hydrogen from production, transport and storage to use ... For cost-effective ...

Hydrogen is used in power systems, transportation, hydrocarbon and ammonia production, and metallurgical industries. Overall, combining electrolysis-generated hydrogen with hydrogen ...

Hydrogen (H<sub>2</sub>) is considered a suitable substitute for conventional energy sources because it is abundant and environmentally friendly. However, the widespread adoption of H<sub>2</sub> as an energy source poses several ...

The presented overview of LOHC-BT technology underlines its potential as a storage and transport vector for large-scale H<sub>2</sub>-to-H<sub>2</sub> value chains that will be indispensable in future clean energy systems. However, the ...

Various methods of hydrogen storage are referred, including underground storage, physical storage, and material-based storage. Hydrogen transportation technologies are examined, taking into account different ...

Through a systematic selection and analysis of the latest literature, this study highlights the strengths, limitations, and technological progress of various hydrogen storage methods, including compressed ...

This work provides an overview of hydrogen economy as a green and sustainable energy system for the foreseeable future, hydrogen production methods, hydrogen storage systems and mechanisms including ...

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