

# Bouvet Island c

Where is Bouvet Island?

Bouvet Island (/ˈbuːveɪ /BOO-vay; Norwegian: Bouvetøya [bʊˈvɛːøɐ]) is an uninhabited island and dependency of Norway. It is a protected nature reserve. It is a subantarctic volcanic island, situated in the South Atlantic Ocean at the southern end of the Mid-Atlantic Ridge, and is the world's most remote island.

Why is Bouvet Island a remote island?

This uninhabited volcanic island in Antarctica is almost entirely covered by glaciers, making it difficult to approach. Bouvet Island is recognized as the most remote island on Earth because it is furthest from any other point of land (1,639 km from Antarctica).

How big is Bouvet Island?

Landing is extremely difficult on the island. It has an area of 23 square miles (59 square km), rises to 3,068 feet (935 metres), and is uninhabited. Bouvet Island was discovered in 1739 by the French navigator Jean-Baptiste-Charles Bouvet de Lozier (1705-86), for whom it is named.

How did Bouvet Island get its name?

At that point, the island was given its current name of Bouvet Island ("Bouvetøya" in Norwegian). In 1930, following resolution of a dispute with the United Kingdom over claiming rights, it was declared a Norwegian dependency. In 1971, it was designated a nature reserve.

Who first landed on Bouvet Island?

The first landing on Bouvet Island, made by the Norvegia-ekspedisjon, occurred on Dec. 1, 1927, some 188 years after it was first sighted. Bouvet Island (Bouvetøya) is an uninhabited 19-square-mile sub-antarctic island. It's the world's most remote island, about 1,600 miles south of the coast of South Africa and 1,100 miles north of Antarctica.

When was Bouvet Island occupied?

A few expeditions visited the island in the late 19th century. In 1929, the UK waived its claim in favor of Norway, which had occupied the island two years previously. In 1971, Norway designated Bouvet Island and the adjacent territorial waters as a nature reserve.

The solitary ice-covered shield volcano of Bouvet Island is located just off the Southwest Indian Ridge, east of the triple junction between the African, South American, and Antarctic plates. This basaltic-to-rhyolitic island, also referred to as ...

Bouvet Island is known as the most remote island in the world; Antarctica, over 1600 kilometers (994 miles) to the south, is the nearest land mass. Located near the junction between the South American, African, and Antarctic tectonic ...

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Where Is Bouvet Island Located?. Bouvet Island is an island that is technically claimed by Norway, and it is a large protected nature reserve is a volcanic island situated in the Atlantic Ocean, close to the southern end of the mid-Atlantic Ridge. It is arguably the most remote island in the world, meaning that it is a very long way away from just about any other inhabited location.

A ilha Bouvet (em norueguês: Bouvetøya) é uma ilha desabitada na extremidade sul do oceano Atlântico. Pertence à Noruega desde 1928. [1] [2] [3] é considerada como a mais isolada e desabitada ilha do mundo, [4] estando localizada a mais de 2 400 km a sudoeste do cabo da Boa Esperança e a cerca de 1 600 km a norte da Antártida. Seu nome provém de Jean-Baptiste ...

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If you want to get away to get away from it all, forget the Caribbean, the South Pacific, or even the South Pole. We've got a place that beats them all: Bouvet Island, a small outcropping of rock and ice in the Southern Ocean. The nearest land is more than a thousand miles away, making Bouvet the most remote island on the planet. A French sailor named ...

Bouvet Island is an uninhabited 58.5 km² volcanic, mostly inaccessible, island in the Southern Ocean, south-southwest of Cape Town is thought to be the most remote island in the world. The nearest land is Queen Maud Land, Antarctica, which is over 1,750 km (1,090 mi) away to the south.

Quick facts about Bouvet Island. Location: South Atlantic Ocean; Size: 49 square km or 19 square miles; Discovery: Frenchman Jean-Baptiste Charles Bouvet de Lozier in 1739; Status: Norwegian protected ...

Bouvet Island or Bouvetøya is one of the sub-Antarctic islands, an uninhabited ice-clad place 2,600 km south-southwest of Cape Town. It has a good claim to be the world's most remote island: anywhere within 2,000 km is similarly ...

Bouvet Island (Bouvetøya) is an uninhabited 19-square-mile sub-antarctic island. It's the world's most remote island, about 1,600 miles south of the coast of South Africa and 1,100 miles north of Antarctica. Named for ...

Bouvetøya (tidligere Cap de la Circoncision og Liverpool Island) er ei øy og et norsk biland i Sør-Atlanteren, og regnes som verdens mest avsidesliggende ubebodde øy. Den ligger 1 600 km fra nærmeste land, den ubebodde øya Gough Island. Nærmeste fastland er Dronning Maud Land i Antarktis, omkring 1 700 km mot sør. Den er omtrent 7 km bred og 10 km lang og har et areal ...

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Bouvet Island is one of Norway's dependency territories, that is in the South-Atlantic Ocean, just outside the Antarctic-Treaty System. The first man to spot this island was Jean-Baptiste Bouvet. Jean-Baptiste saw this island on January 1, 1739, while he was on a French exploration mission. The island became a Norwegian dependency in 1930.

Bouvet Island - Bouvet Island Bouvet Island is an uninhabited sub-antarctic volcanic island in the South Atlantic Ocean, south-southwest of the Cape of Good Hope ( South Africa ). It is a dependent area of Norway and is not subject to the Antarctic Treaty, as it is north of the latitude below which claims are suspended.

Bouvet Island was discovered in 1739 by a French naval officer after whom it is named. No claim was made until 1825, when the British flag was raised. A few expeditions visited the island in the late 19th century. In 1929, the UK waived its claim in favor of Norway, which had occupied the island two years previously. In 1971, Norway designated ...

No wonder sailors call Bouvet the world's most remote island; no wonder writers and science fiction movie-makers keep using it in their storylines. Other stories from the AGU meeting you might like:

Bouvet Island, islet in the South Atlantic Ocean. One of the world's most isolated islands, it lies about 1,500 miles (2,400 km) southwest of the Cape of Good Hope of southern Africa and about 1,000 miles (1,600 km) north of the mainland of ...

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